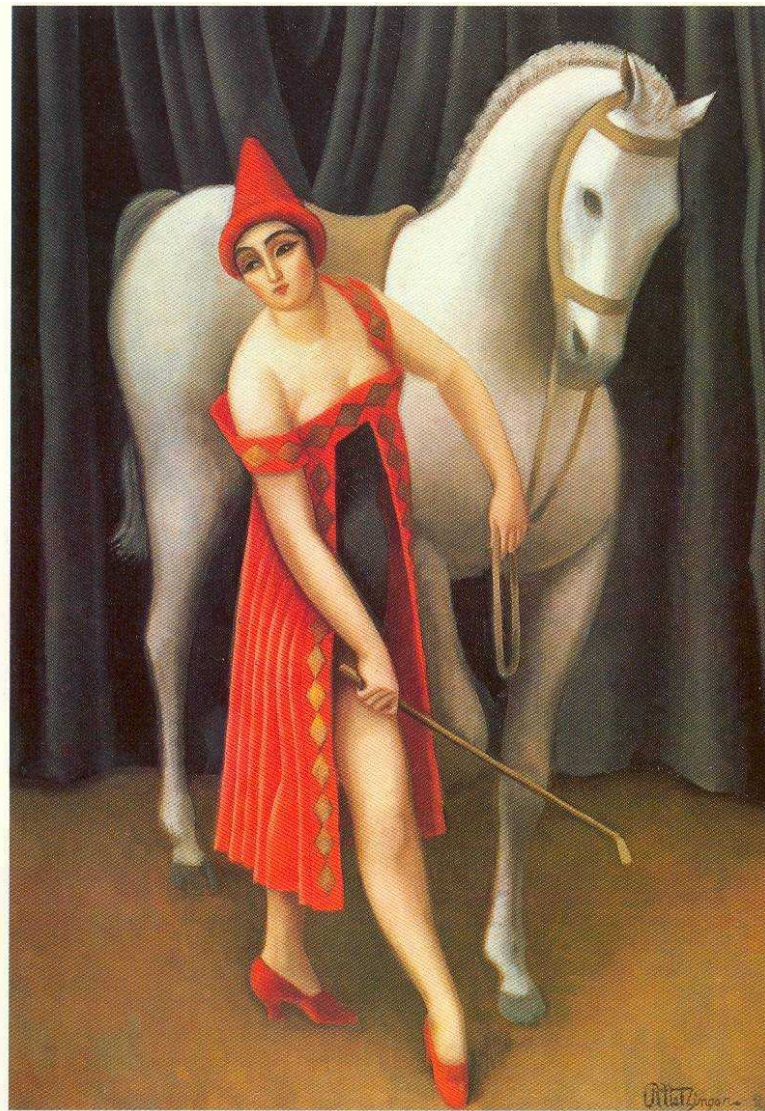


## Preventie bij vrouwen: dat moet beter!



*Prof.dr. Toine Lagro-Janssen*



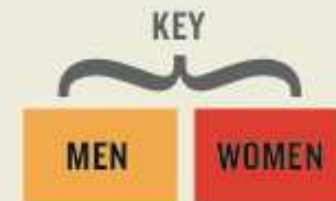
## Vrouwen in de wetenschap

## Preventie bij vrouwen



# WOMEN IN SCIENCE: MANY HURDLES AHEAD

The number of women studying and practising science has risen sharply, but women are disproportionately driven away from scientific careers.



## GRADUATE SCHOOL

The fraction of women gaining doctorates in science has more than doubled in the United States since 1980 and is now nearing equity. In some European countries, women outnumber men in science degrees but there is significant variation between nations and fields.

### US FEMALE DOCTORAL RECIPIENTS IN SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



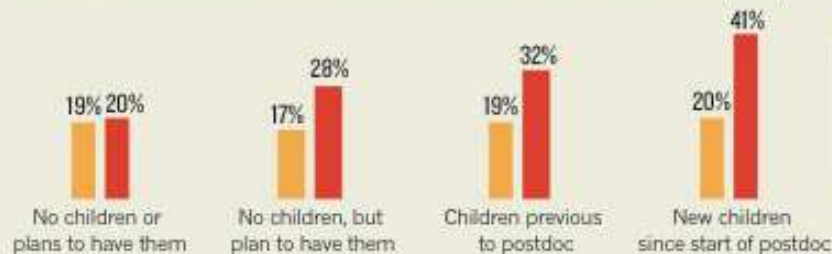
### FEMALE DOCTORAL RECIPIENTS IN SCIENCE IN EUROPE (2006)



## POSTGRADUATE POSITIONS

A 2009 survey of postdoctoral fellows at the University of California showed that women who had children or planned to have them were more likely to consider leaving research.

### POSTDOCS WHO DECIDED AGAINST CAREERS AS RESEARCH FACULTY MEMBERS (2009)



"The plan to have children in the future, or already having them, is responsible for an enormous drop-off in the women who apply for tenure-track jobs."

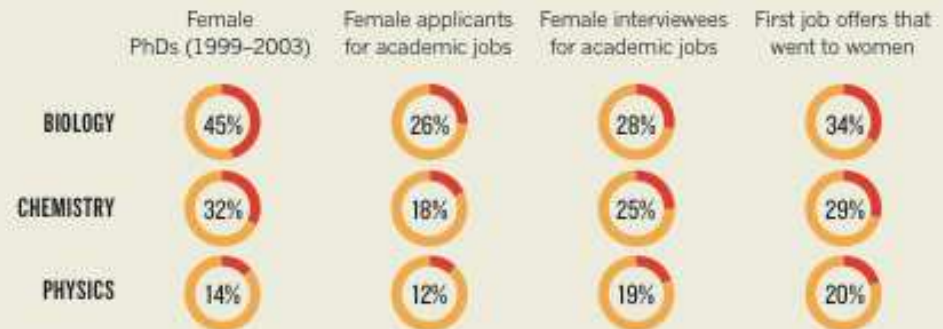
Wendy Williams, Cornell University

## EARLY CAREER

Female representation among science and engineering faculty members in the United States has lagged behind gains in graduate education, in part because many women do not apply for tenure-track jobs. But women who do apply are more likely than men to receive interviews and offers.

"At least part of the lack of applications is due to the fact that women look at these careers and don't see people like themselves."

Hannah Valentine,  
Stanford University



## RISING IN THE RANKS

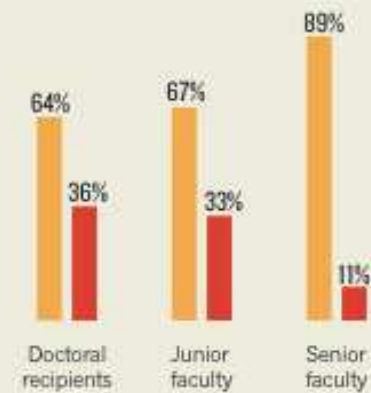
A study of US science departments showed that women were more successful than men in gaining tenure between 2002 and 2004. In Europe as in the United States, the gender gap is greater among senior than among junior faculty members.

### US TENURE DECISIONS 2002–04

♂ / ♀ = 10 PEOPLE



### GENDER GAP AMONG SCIENTISTS IN EUROPEAN UNIVERSITIES (2006)





**“I never thought that my life had to be limited to anything, and I want to set that example for my daughter.”**



# Preventie bij vrouwen





# Rapport Raad voor de Volksgezondheid en Zorg

Maart 2013

## Het belang van wederkerigheid

### Kernpunten

- Beperkt beroep op collectieve middelen
- Betere balans rechten en plichten in zorgstelsel
- Burger kent prijzen en kosten zorggebruik
- Burger weet wat hij zelf kan doen aan leefstijl en zorg voor oude dag



# Rapport Centrum voor Ethiek en Gezondheid

Maart 2013

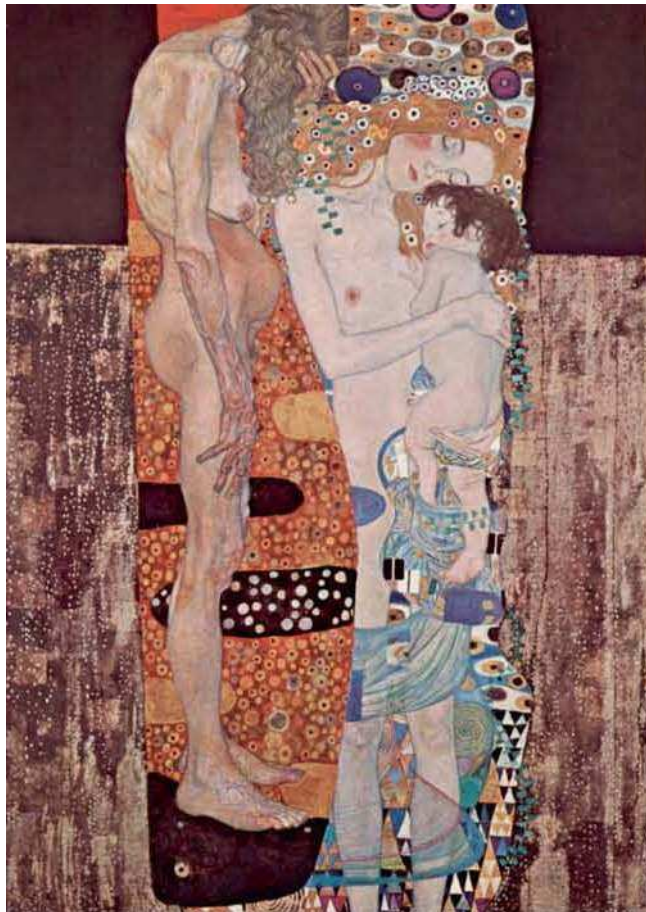


## Leefstijl differentiatie in de zorgverzekering

### Discussiepunten

- Is preventie een overtuigend motief voor leefstijl differentiatie?
- Levert leefstijldifferentiatie een rechtvaardiger verdeling van kosten op?
- Bevordert leefstijldifferentiatie de solidariteit?





Geen onderscheid naar gender!



Preventie bij vrouwen:  
dat moet beter!

